WHEN THE PAYCHECK STOPS
An AFL-CIO Survival Guide to Unemployment
HOW TO SURVIVE COVID-19: CDC GUIDELINES
Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry. Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth with unwashed hands.

Avoid close contact with people who are sick. Put distance between yourself and other people if COVID-19 is spreading in your community. This is especially important for people who are at higher risk of getting very sick. Cover coughs and sneezes. Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze, or use the inside of your elbow. Throw used tissues in the trash and immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, or use hand sanitizer. Visit aflcio.org/covid-19 for more information.

TALK TO YOUR FAMILY
Unemployment is tough on the whole family. Your spouse and children may feel helpless. Talk out your problems together and plan together. Explain your situation and include them in planning to deal with it together.

It helps to give each member of the family some positive steps they can do. By sharing the burden and pulling together, members of a family grow closer and draw strength from one another. A professional family counselor may be helpful.

TURN TO YOUR UNION FOR HELP
Your union can help you when times are hard. Your union representative can let you know what member-only benefits you may be eligible for, or help identify public benefits that may be available to you, and advise you on how to keep your health insurance in the event of a layoff. Your AFL-CIO central labor council has information about available community services. A number of central labor councils around the country work closely with AFL-CIO/United Way Labor Liaisons and community services agencies who can help connect you to resources in your community. Visit http://go.aflcio.org/unionized for more information.

GET THE HELP YOU NEED
While you were working, you helped pay for public programs through your taxes, and for community agency services through contributions to your local United Way and other organizations. So make your money work for you when you need it. We all need a little help at some time in our lives—don’t be embarrassed to ask for the help you need.

ONLINE RESOURCES FOR HELP
Visit this comprehensive website with links for finding state unemployment offices, assistance with job searches, information about job training programs, and more:
• www.careeronestop.org/

Information about unemployment insurance and sources of other governmental assistance programs can be found here:
• www.usa.gov/unemployment
• www.usa.gov/benefits
• www.benefits.gov/

United Way, a national partner of the AFL-CIO, supports 2-1-1, a national help line that helps individuals identify assistance and support they may be eligible to receive in their community. Call 2-1-1 from any phone or visit www.211.org/
• AFL-CIO/United Way Labor Liaisons and community services agencies are knowledgeable about the resources available to families facing financial hardship. Visit http://go.aflcio.org/unionized for more information.

UnionPlus, a partner of the AFL-CIO, is a consumer benefits program for union members and offers specific programs to assist members in times of financial hardship. Visit these websites for additional information:
• www.unionplus.org/ and click on link for “Hardship Help” on webpage
• www.unionplus.org/hardship-help/credit-counseling to access Money Management International, which works with UnionPlus to provide budgeting and credit counseling assistance to union members

Websites for career exploration:
• www.myskillsmyfuture.org
• www.mynextmove.org
1. **Determine Your Eligibility for Unemployment Benefits**

People who lose their job through no fault of their own and have worked a certain number of hours may be eligible to receive unemployment; eligibility requirements differ by state. Visit www.careeronestop.org/LocalHelp/UnemploymentBenefits/unemployment-benefits.aspx to look up eligibility requirements in your state. While unemployment benefits will be significantly less than what your salary was, they still will help you get by until you land your next job.

2. **Prepare a Complete Household Budget**

Getting control of your personal finances is important to survive unemployment. Use a household budget worksheet available at http://go.aflcio.org/budget to see where you spend your money and where you can save. If appropriate, include your family in developing your budget.

Your budgeted expenses should include:
- **Fixed expenses** (mortgage, rent, taxes, insurance, loan installment payments, child support and other fixed monthly payments)
- **Variable monthly expenses** (food, gas, repairs, utilities, health care expenses, recreation and child care)
- **Future expenses** (income or property tax and other outstanding debts)

Your budgeted income should include:
- Income
- Savings
- Severance pay
- Unemployment compensation
- Accrued vacation pay

3. **List Assets**

Other assets may include:
- Cash value of insurance policies
- Prepaid burial or funeral policies
- Equity in your home (the difference between the value of your home and the amount you owe on your home)
- Resale value of vehicles, boat, RV, etc.

4. **Set Priorities for Your Expenses**

List payments in order of importance. This will help you pay first things first when money is short.

The most important thing will be your mortgage or rent payment, followed by utilities, health insurance and car payments. Child support or alimony payments (if any) are also a high priority.

5. **Make a Complete List of Creditors**

List the following information for each creditor:
- Company/organization, name, physical and email address, and phone number of a contact person
- Account number
- Total amount owed
- Payment schedule and interest rates

6. **Notify Your Creditors Before You Get Behind**

Determine how much you can pay regularly on each bill. If you need to negotiate a lower monthly payment than your creditors expect, determine the amount you can pay and contact them before you get behind to make arrangements for the new payment amount.

Creditors usually are easier to work with when you let them know about your situation before a severe problem arises.

Contact creditors in writing:
- Tell them you need to work out a plan for delaying, reducing or refinancing payments until you return to work
- Always include your account number, phone number and address in all correspondence
- Keep copies of your letters and follow up by phone
- When you make your follow-up phone call, record the date, time and with whom you spoke
7 Pay What You Can

Even if you can’t pay the amount creditors want, pay something regularly. This keeps your overdue balance as low as possible and lets creditors know you are making a good faith effort. Partial payment may keep your account from being turned over to a collection agency.

8 Stay in Touch with Creditors

After your first letter, keep in regular contact with your creditors. This reassures them, shows a responsible attitude and may keep them from harassing you. Make sure you don’t ignore mail from creditors that may contain important information about your account.

9 Call a Credit Counseling Agency

Nonprofit credit counseling organizations can help you create a revised household budget, identify potential areas to reduce expenses and sources of additional income, provide advice on how to work with creditors, and more. Visit unionplus.org for information on credit counseling.

10 Stop Credit Purchases

Stop using all of your credit cards; interest on most credit purchases is extremely high. If you have advance warning that you’ll be out of work, try to make larger payments to reduce the balance you owe.

11 Reduce Household Expenses

- Adjust your buying habits—only shop when you need to, make a list, and compare prices and brands
- Use coupons
- Identify food pantries and other sources of free or lower-cost food
- Reduce cell phone plan costs, and internet and cable bills
- Reduce utility costs by:
  - Turning off lights, TV and appliances when not in use
  - Lowering the thermostat on your hot water heater and furnace, or turning up your air conditioner
  - Washing and drying only full loads of clothes or dishes
  - Calling utility companies to ask about hardship assistance
- Eliminate unnecessary car trips
- Consider getting a housemate/tenant to share household expenses

12 Sell What You Don’t Need

- Consider selling an extra vehicle or the boat or trailer you rarely use
- Look at your possessions to see which nonessential items could be sold or traded without significantly changing the way you live

13 Check Into Other Financial Resources

- Take stock of your skills and abilities. Research opportunities, online or in your community, to earn income in the short term while determining longer-term plans (i.e., consulting or freelance work, completing online surveys, tutoring, testing products, pet sitting, making deliveries, doing handy work, etc.).
- Look into sources of financial assistance that may be available through federal and state government programs and nonprofit organizations (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, etc.) Visit 211.org or call 2-1-1 to identify potential sources of help in your community.
- Review your life insurance policy or talk to your insurance agent to see whether you can borrow against your policy.
- You may be able to withdraw from your 401(k), but note that if you withdraw before age 59½, you will have a 10% penalty for early withdrawal and will owe taxes on the amount you withdraw.
- Explore the possibility of listing an extra bedroom on Airbnb.
Richard L. Trumka
President

Elizabeth H. Shuler
Secretary-Treasurer

Tefere A. Gebre
Executive Vice President

815 16th St. NW
Washington, DC 20006
202-637-5000
www.aflcio.org